2017 EDITION

## REAB Main results

REPORTING ON ETHICAL AND ALTERNATIVE BANKS







ETHICAL FINANCE
By the people, for the people



This document is property of FEBEA a.i.s.b.l. European Federation of Ethical and Alternative Banks and Financiers

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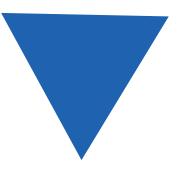
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Document written by the FEBEA Secretariat





#### Special thanks

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# The European alternative banking movement disclosed

Interest in Ethical and Alternative Banking is still growing among institutions and the banking environment. In May 2015, the European Economic and Social Committee (EESC) cited FEBEA, the European Federation of Ethical and Alternative Banks and Financiers, as a best practice in Europe, capable of promoting European banking system diversity, in its official opinion on the role of cooperative and savings banks and the related necessity of a customisation of European financial regulation (Role of cooperative and savings banks in territorial cohesion ECO/371).

This represented a success for our work, and it strengthened FEBEA's willingness to persevere in the efforts to develop and spread a structured alternative approach to traditional banking.

## FEBEA - in a nutshell

FEBEA is a non-profit organisation that, in conformity with its Articles of Association, has the objective of developing ethical and solidarity-based finance in Europe through the dissemination of information and citizens' participation.

To this end, FEBEA aims at:

 supporting the exchange of information and experience and the cooperation between national networks and practitioners of the social economy and finance in Europe or the European Free Trade Area;

- representing its members in relation to the EU institutions and other financial and political organisations;
- creating the financial and banking instruments necessary to the fulfilment of this purpose.

Thanks to ethical banks, the "banking institution" returns to a path stopped at the beginning of the twentieth century, and it becomes again an instrument of development for the territory and for new social and environmental initiatives. This path goes in the opposite direction to the one chosen by commercial banks, increasingly oriented to use the financial leverage to accumulate profits, contributing to the "financialisation" of the economy and creating the conditions for a series of financial crises that continue to impact the lives of millions of citizens.



This research is a good chance to release data that can communicate the weight of FEBEA representativeness



#### What is ethical finance?

Ethical banks and financiers have the objective of achieving a positive impact on the collection and use of money. They invest in activities such as organic farming, renewable energies, nonprofit, and so on. They respond more and more to the needs of those excluded from the banking system, and to the needs of savers and investors who are increasingly interested in the way their savings are used.

For more information, visit: www.febea.org



## 2017 EDITION

It is in this context that **REAB** (Reporting on Ethical and Alternative Banks) was created. The aim of this research is to investigate the business models of its members and study their approaches to alternative and ethical financial activity as described by FEBEA's **Charter of Values** and, throughout this process, develop figures on FEBEA representativeness of the European ethical banking movement. In order to achieve such an ambitious goal, a custom survey has been designed and sent to a sample composed by the 27 members of FEBEA in 2017.



REAB is a survey of FEBEA's members: in practice, the Charter of FEBEA has been decoded in several variables and other ones have been added to collect information about FEBEA's representativeness. This year was REAB's **third** edition, and we updated and streamlined the questionnaire, focussing on the most important indicators, as to avoid questions that tend to change only in the long term.



### REAB's Goals

We identified 7 main goals to achieve through the implementation of REAB:

### 1) FEBEA Representation Data:

the European Institutions are eager to receive information about the level of representation of European-level organisations which collaborate with them and take part in projects and consultations. This research is a good chance to release data, which illustrates the diversity of FEBEA members and their specificities;

2) Compliance to
Charter Values: FEBEA's
Ethical Charter outlines
the ethical nature of
FEBEA's members. The
REAB reporting
highlights through a set
of indicators that
unearth the level of
compliance of each
member to those
values;

3) Members' Best Practices: a number of best practices differentiate FEBEA members from traditional financial institutions, they include: social screenings, social impact measurements, stakeholders' participation techniques and many others. This research gives us the opportunity to identify them and share them with other members;

4) Ethical Banking
Database: in order to
monitor the trend of
ethical and alternative
banking through time it
is useful to have a
historical archive of
data that can allow
FEBEA to create
historical series on the
growth of this financial
phenomenon. This
research is a great

chance to start building this database on members' growth and financial performance;

5) Ethical Bank
Status/Lobby: the EU
institutions are willing
to collaborate with
ethical finance and
support its
development. In order
to do so they need to
better understand who
we are and what we do.
REAB depicts FEBEA
members' features that
differentiate them from
traditional banks in a
structured way;

6) Visibility is a powerful tool to increase awareness on ethical banking among both depositors and clients. REAB results underline the features that differentiate ethical banks from

traditional banks. A shared visibility campaign at European level could be a great way to communicate the research results and influence the related banking environment;

7) Impact Analysis: the interest in innovative financial instruments like Social Impact Investing (SII) and Social Impact Bonds (SIB) is growing in Europe and in the whole world. A consequence of this fact is the public attention directed to the development of impact analysis tools and the standardisation of impact measurement frameworks. The data concerning FEBEA's members help us prepare the ground to a future impact analysis framework of ethical and alternative banking activities.

#### THE 27 MEMBERS OF FEBEA ARE:

APS Bank - Malta Banca Popolare Etica – Italy Banque Alternative Suisse -Switzerland BFG - Austria Caixa Pollença – Spain Cassa Centrale – Italy Cassa Padana – Italy Cassa Rurale di Bolzano – Italy Cooperative Bank of Karditsa – Greece Ebanka - Croatia Credal - Belgium Crédit Cooperatif – France Caisse Solidaire - France Cultura Bank - Norway Etimos – Italy Femu Qui – France FESCOOP - Portugal Fiare - Spain Hefboom - Belgium LaNef - France Merkur – Denmark SIDI – France FranceActive – France SEFEA – Italy Sklad 05 - Slovenia TISE - Poland

UCIT - UK-Ireland

## Main results

Figures for the 2017 edition are based on data provided by **15 FEBEA** members, divided in **6 banks** and **9 NBFIs** (non-banking financial institutions).

Only the figures regarding *Our members* (page 7) are calculated on 100% of the sample. In case of certain exceptions, a note explains the calculation method used. Finally, the data published in this edition refers to the 2016 period.



Data clearly show, provided the diversity of members and models, that FEBEA members are committed to the Ethical Charter. Hence, they look for different and ethical financial business models seeking non-economic benefits beside the financial ones and that they focused on financing the real economy. On the other side, mainstream banking institutions still invest in existing shares and derivatives products seeking big profits in the short term that are more and more difficult to achieve.

Furthermore, even though the difference between TBL (Triple Bottom Line: people, planet, prosperity) and normal assets is not so clear-cut, FEBEA members revealed high ratios of assets with an added environmental or social added value, promoting financial sustainability and being impact investing **pioneers** in Europe.

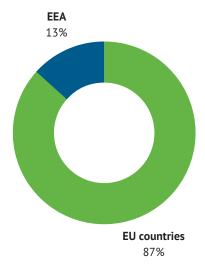


## **FEBEA** in numbers

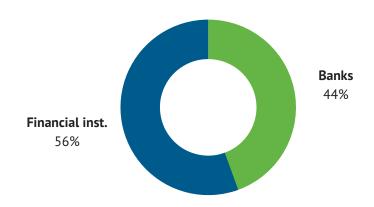
#### Our members:

- 27 members
- 15 EU and EFTA countries
- 12 ethical banks
- 15 ethical financial institutions

#### **Countries**



### Type of institution



#### Our financial size:

- total assets\*: 30 billion euros
- more than 13 billion euros in loans
- more than 6 billion euros in TBL assets (people, planet, prosperity)
- more than **26 million euros** obtained in EU funding (including grants and financial instruments)









<sup>\*:</sup> based on data from 19 members.



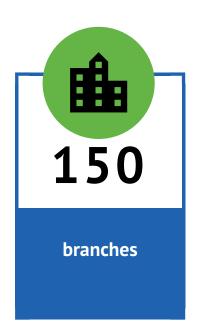
#### Our structures:

- more than 2,400 employees
- more than 150 branches
- more than 150,000 shareholders
- more than 420,000 depositors
- more than **430,000 clients**









#### **Transparency:**

- average highest wage/lowest wage ratio (2014): 3.75
- members having ethical principles included in articles of association or internal regulations: 87%
- members implementing practices to verify the origin of funds, beyond the mandatory standard: 73%



#### By the people, for the people:

- average "Client Funding to Total Assets" rate (banks only): 75%
- members implementing practices to assess non-economic benefits of loans' requests: 67%
- members offering convenient conditions to social and environmental projects: 67%
- bank members offering social financial products: 100%
- workforce balance\* (number of females for every 100 male workers):
   105.2



<sup>\*:</sup> based on 12 responses.

## Conclusion

It is evident that FEBEA members, even if they run different business models, share a focus on financing the real economy and projects showing an added social or environmental value.

Collected data have been useful in better understanding what an alternative and ethical financial institution is and what its features are, either for banks and NBFIs, and have resulted to differ in terms of dimension, investment strategies, business model structure, performances and internal practices.

Data showed that the segment represented by FEBEA within the European banking and financial system is very small, but they also showed that it has several peculiarities that allow it to act as a **pioneering minority** in the financial sector.

The information included in this report can help FEBEA strengthen alternative and ethical financial culture at the European level in both private and institutional environments.

REAB's structure, based on FEBEA's Charter of Values, was effective in recognizing and evaluating specific features of alternative financial institutions. The indicators developed in this research could be useful for assessing how much mainstream banks take into account the consequences, in terms of negative and positive spillovers, of their behaviours within the markets.



See you soon for **REAB 2018!** 

## febea



A FEBEA publication

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